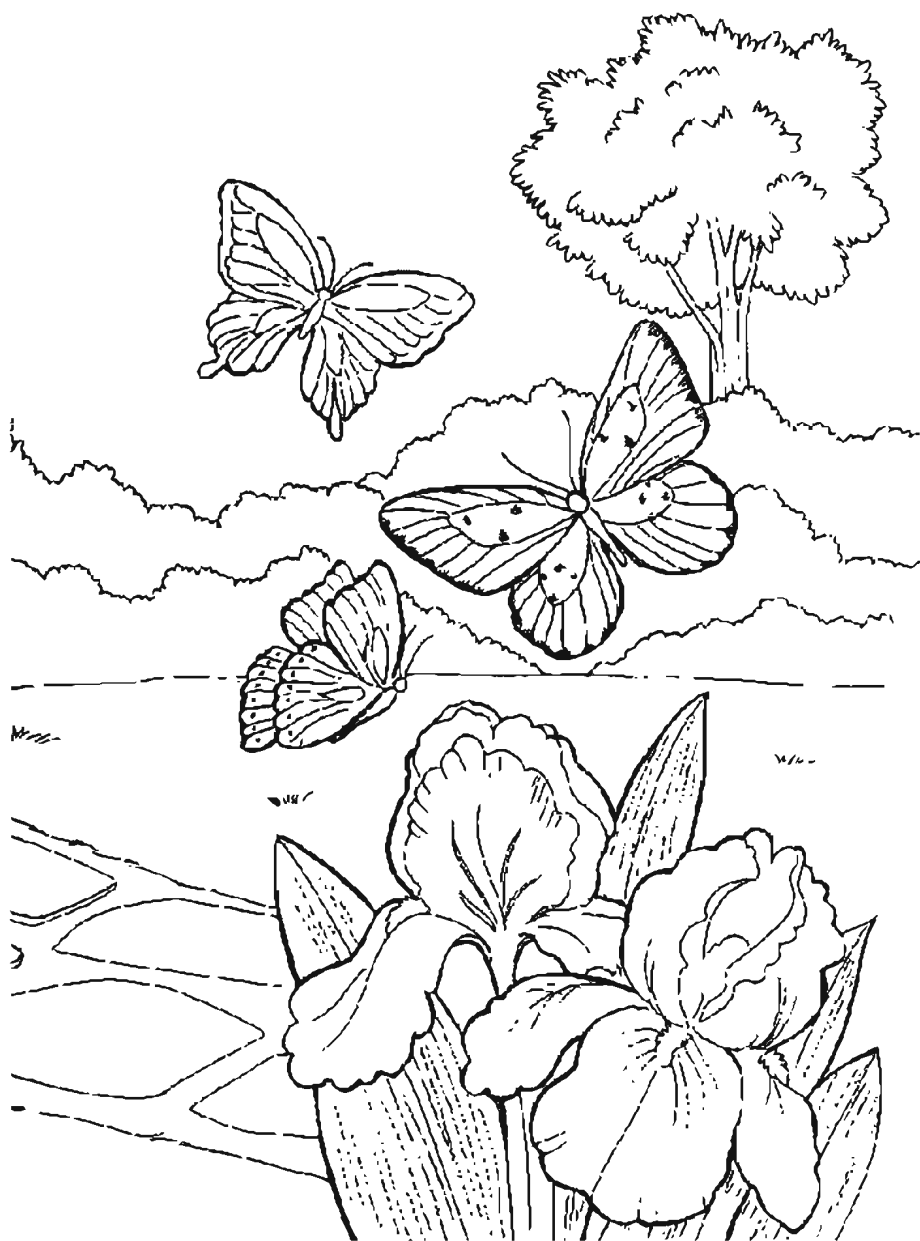
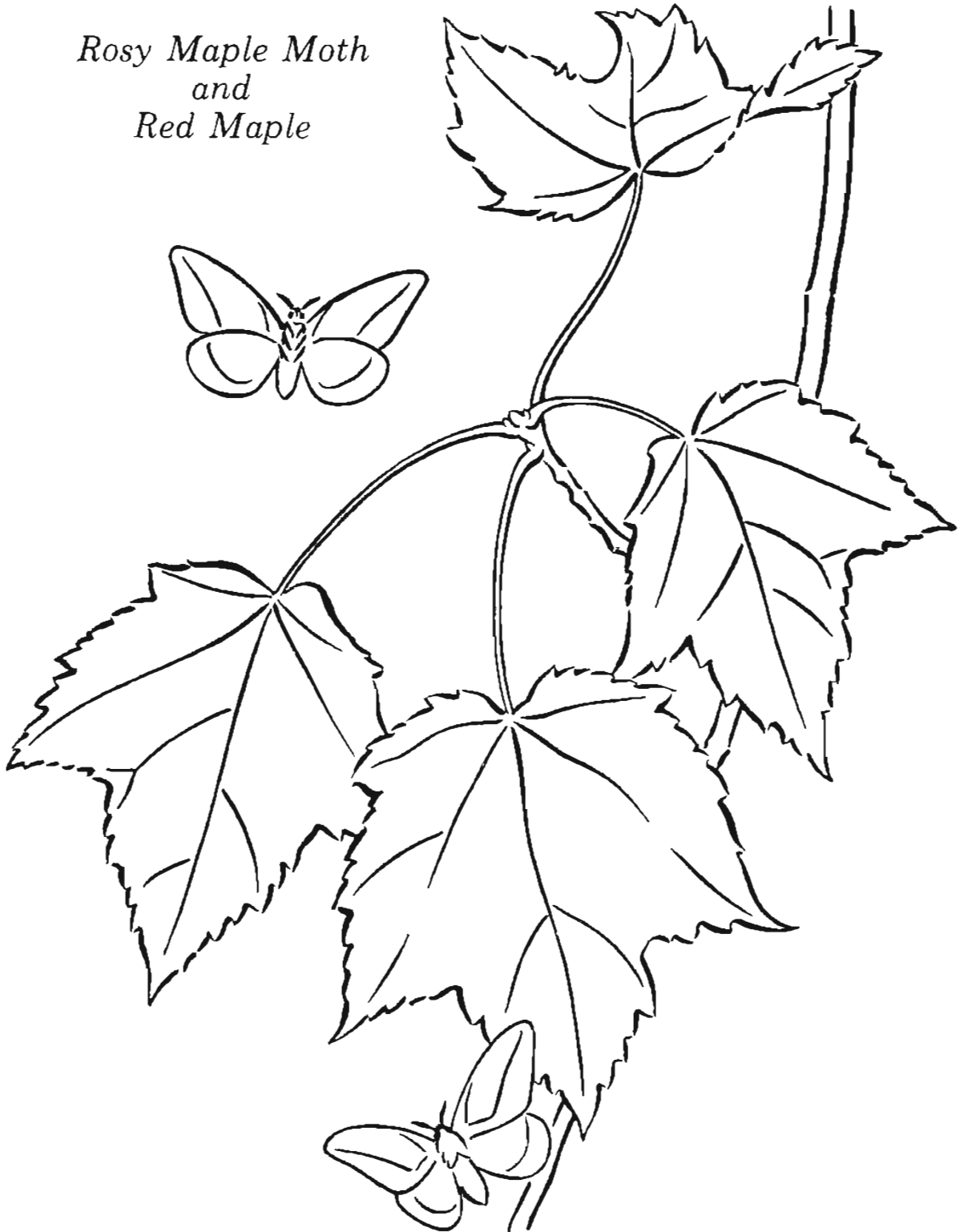


Flowers, Plants and Insects

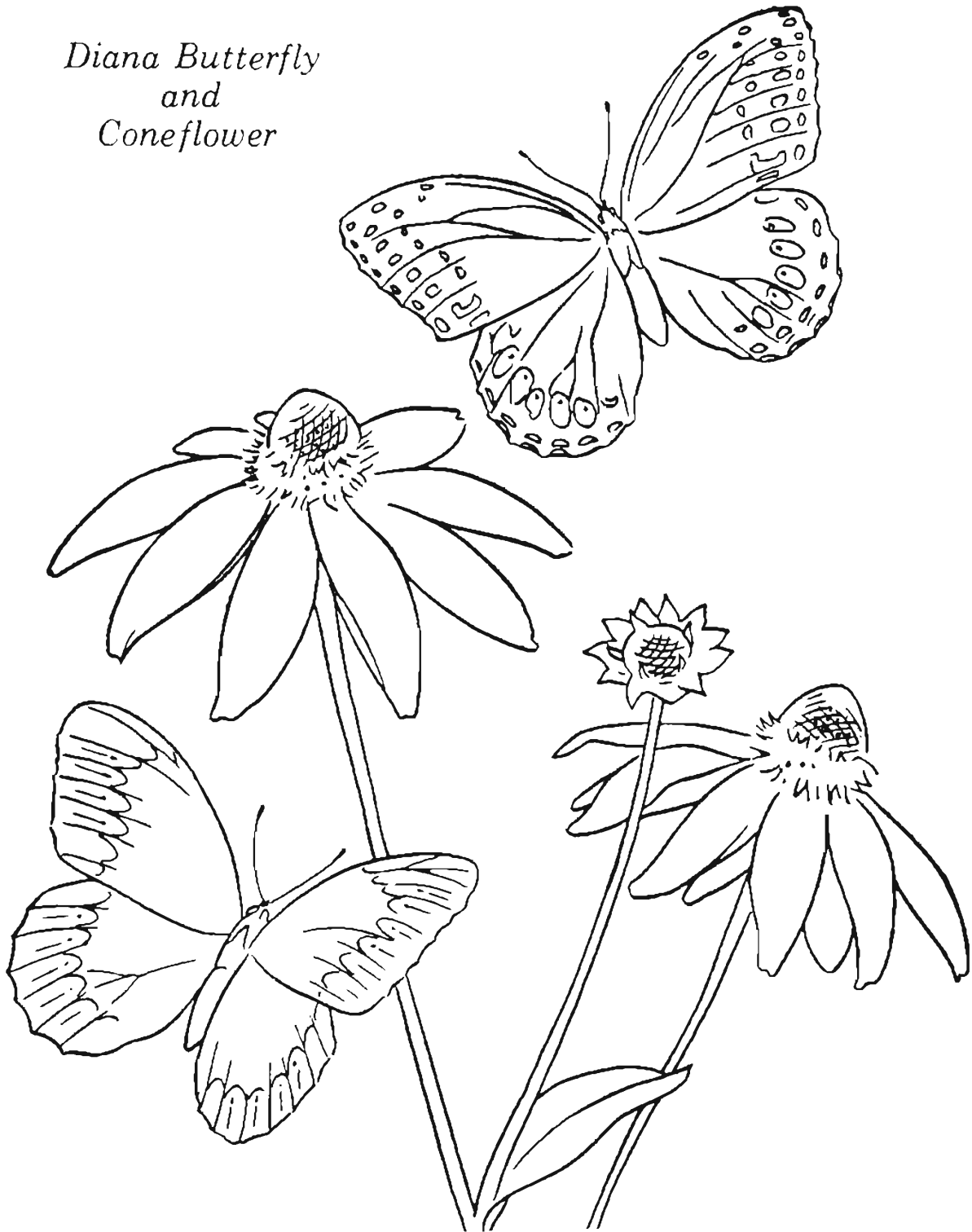


*Rosy Maple Moth
and
Red Maple*



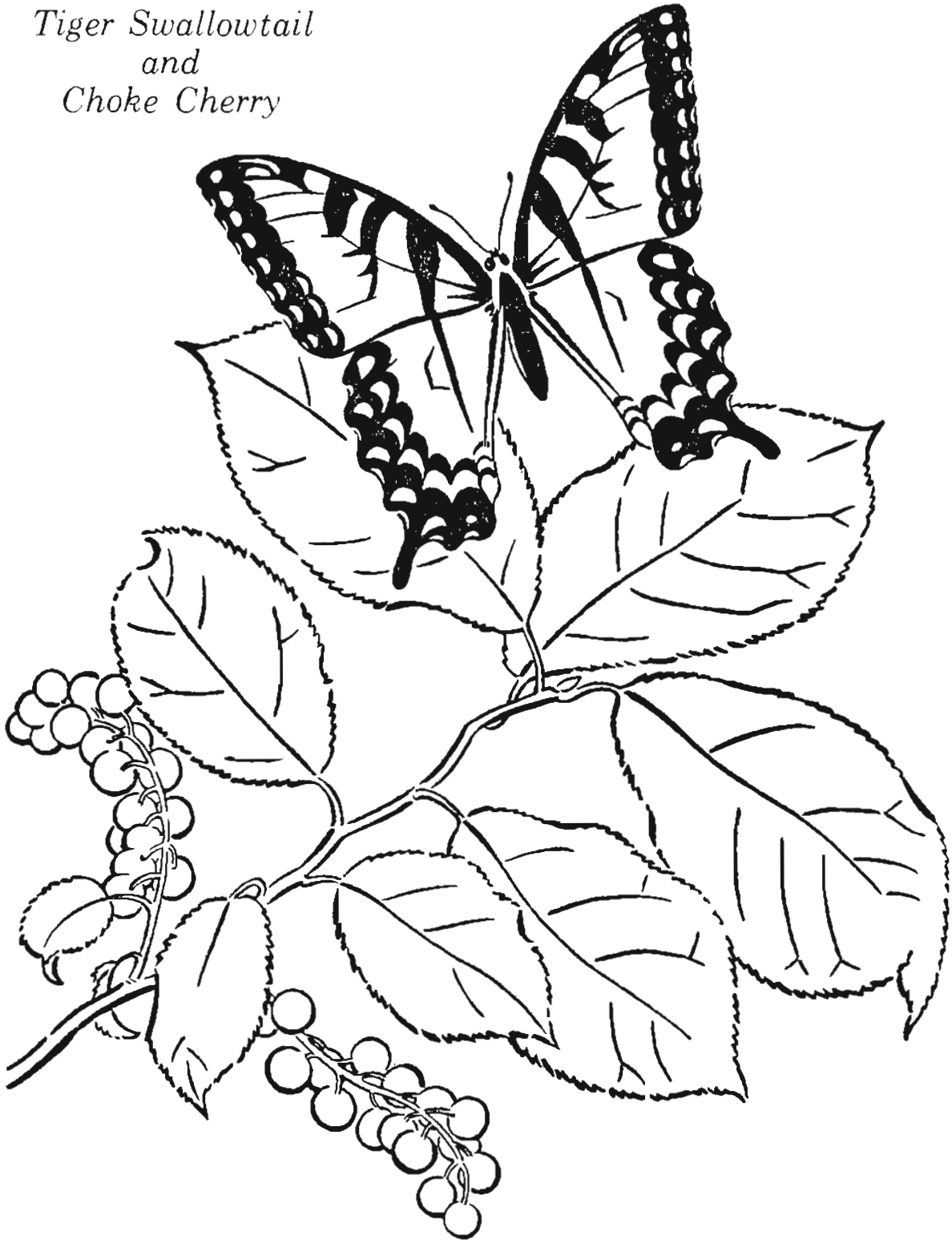
Dainty Rosy Maple moths have pale yellow wings with pink borders. Their downy bodies are slightly deeper yellow.

*Diana Butterfly
and
Coneflower*

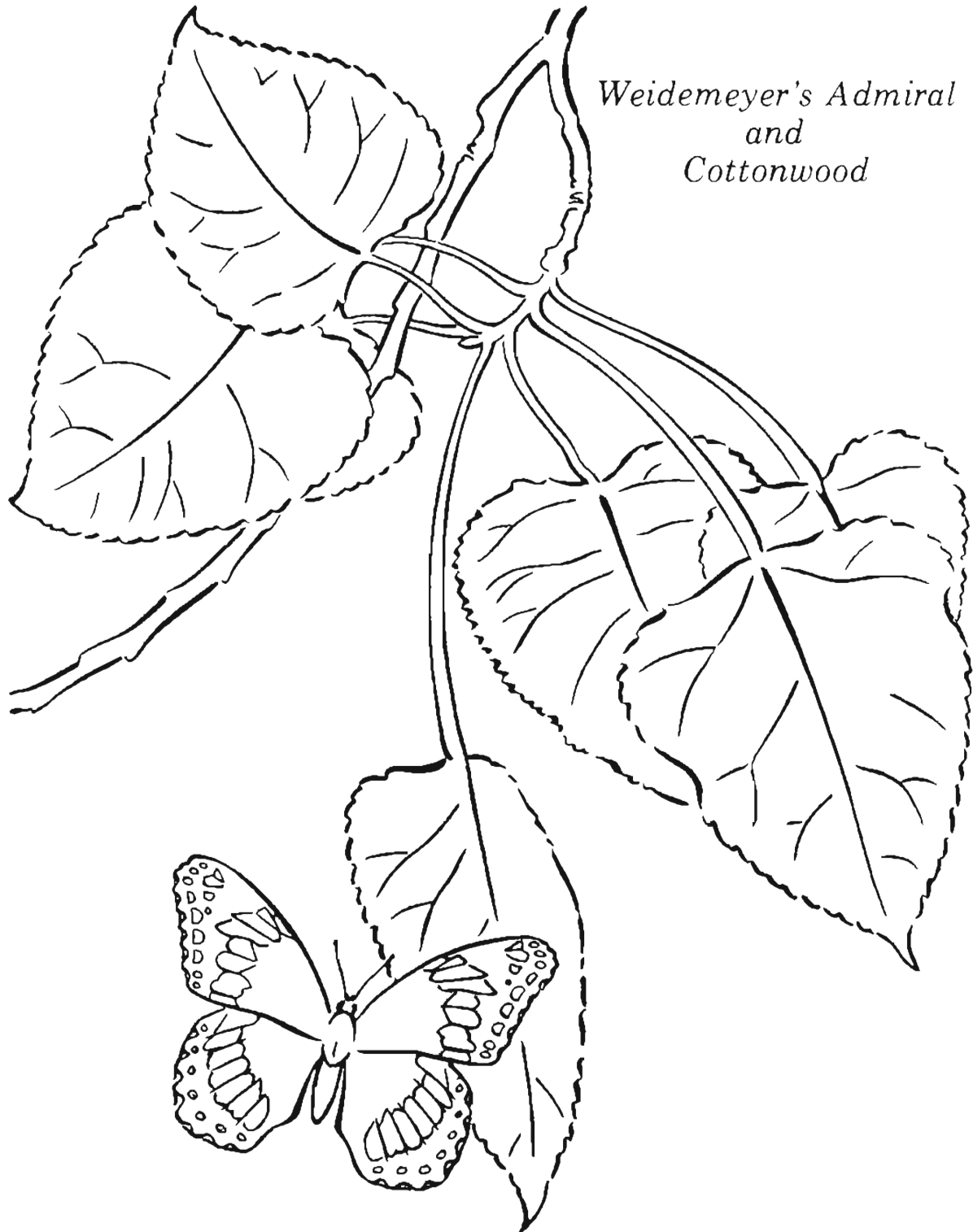


Flying above green-centered yellow Coneflowers, a female Diana butterfly shows dark blue wings with light blue spots. The male flying below has brown wings with orange borders.

*Tiger Swallowtail
and
Choke Cherry*



Flitting over wild cherry is the Tiger Swallowtail. Its wings are yellow and black with rows of yellow and blue crescents.



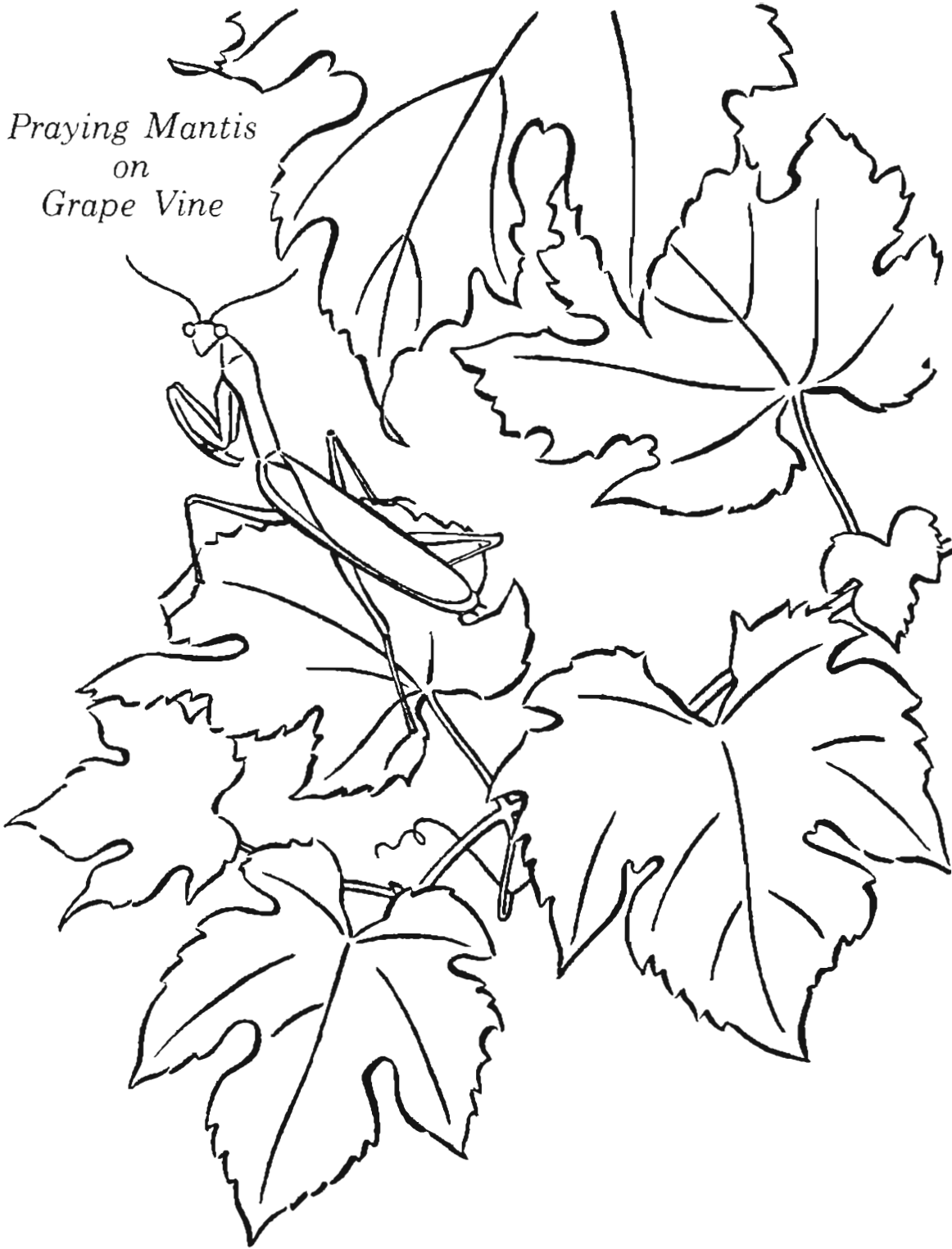
The Weidemeyer's Admiral has purplish wings with white stripes and dots. It lays one egg at the tip of each Cottonwood leaf.

*Hedge Bindweed
and
Cloudless Sulphurs*



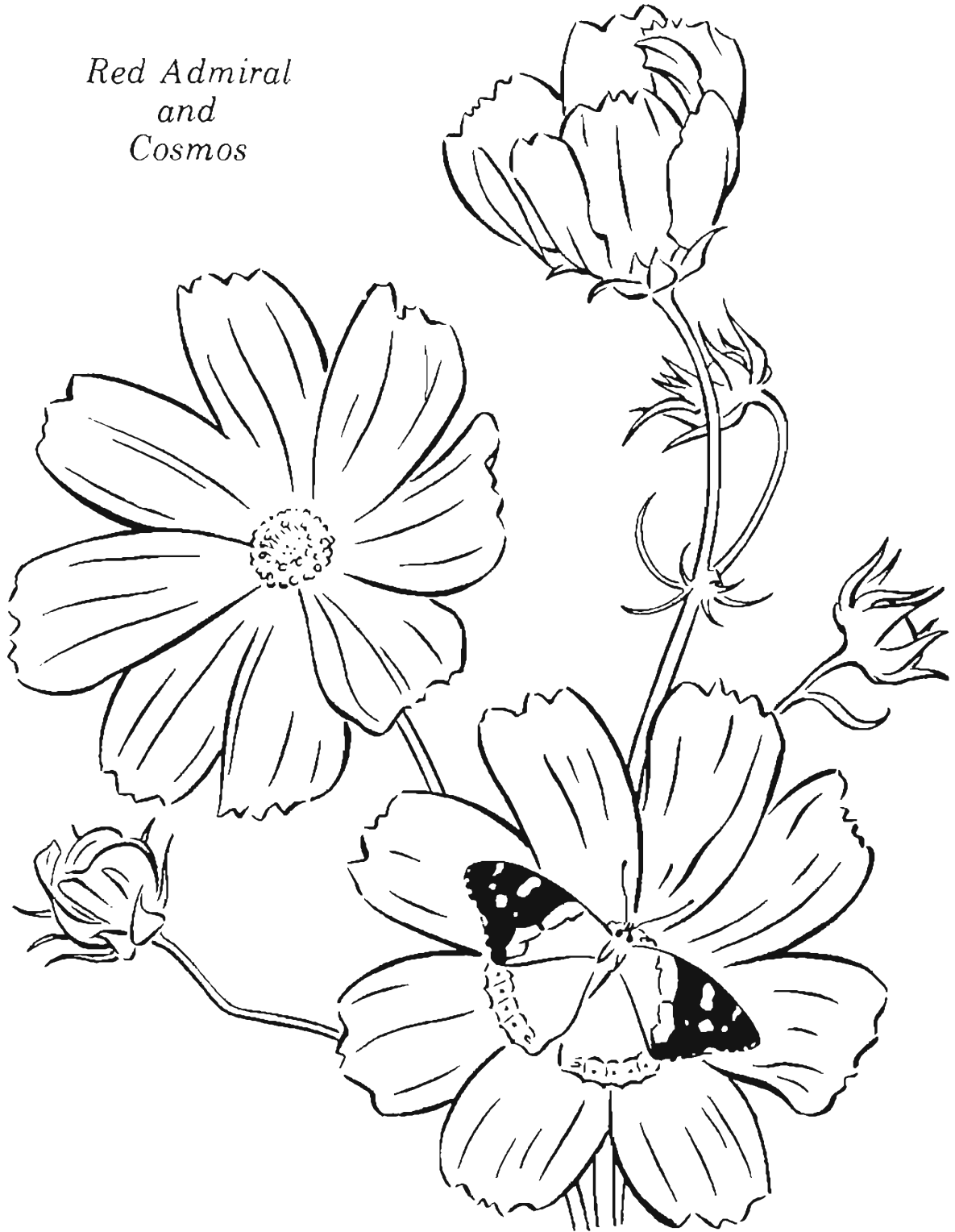
Lemon yellow Cloudless Sulphurs fly over the pink Hedge Bindweed. Its long twisting vines tangle in the farmers' crops.

*Praying Mantis
on
Grape Vine*



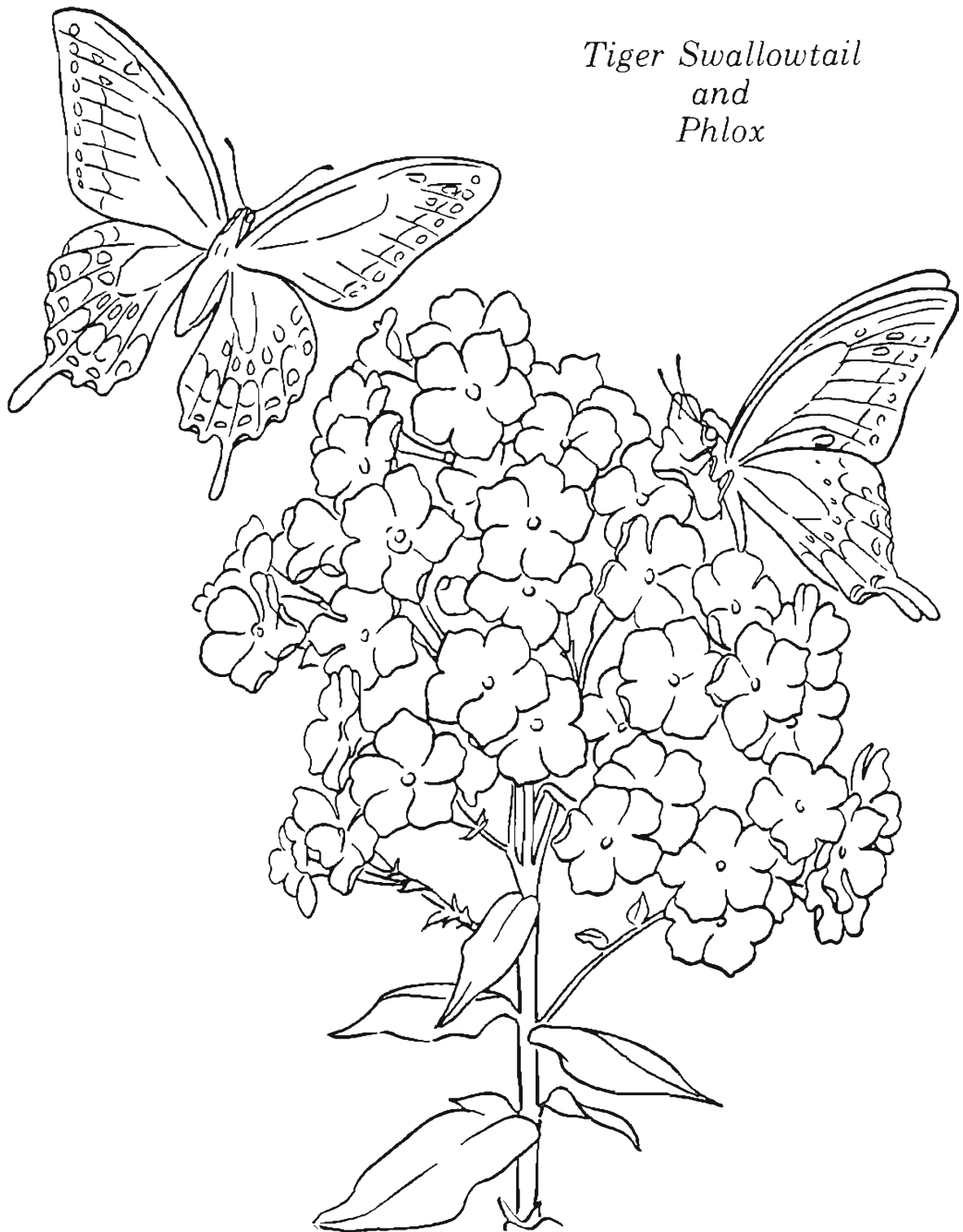
Sitting quietly on the Grape vine the green Praying Mantis is unnoticed.

*Red Admiral
and
Cosmos*



A Red Admiral butterfly alights on the yellow center of a deep pink Cosmos. He has brown wings with orange-red bands and white spots.

*Tiger Swallowtail
and
Phlox*

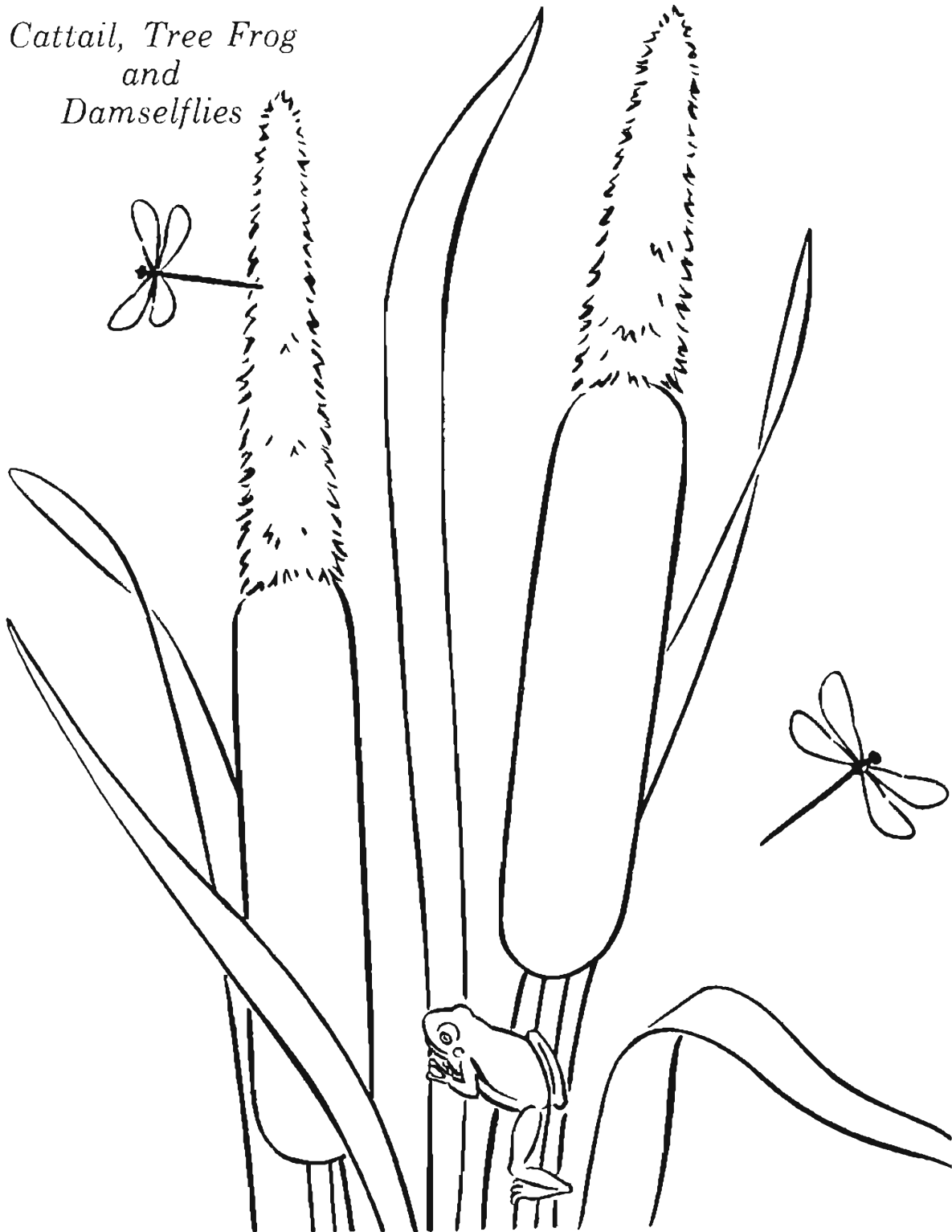


Female Tiger Swallowtails sometimes have black instead of yellow wings, with the usual border of blue and yellow dots. The Phlox may be pink, red, purple or white.



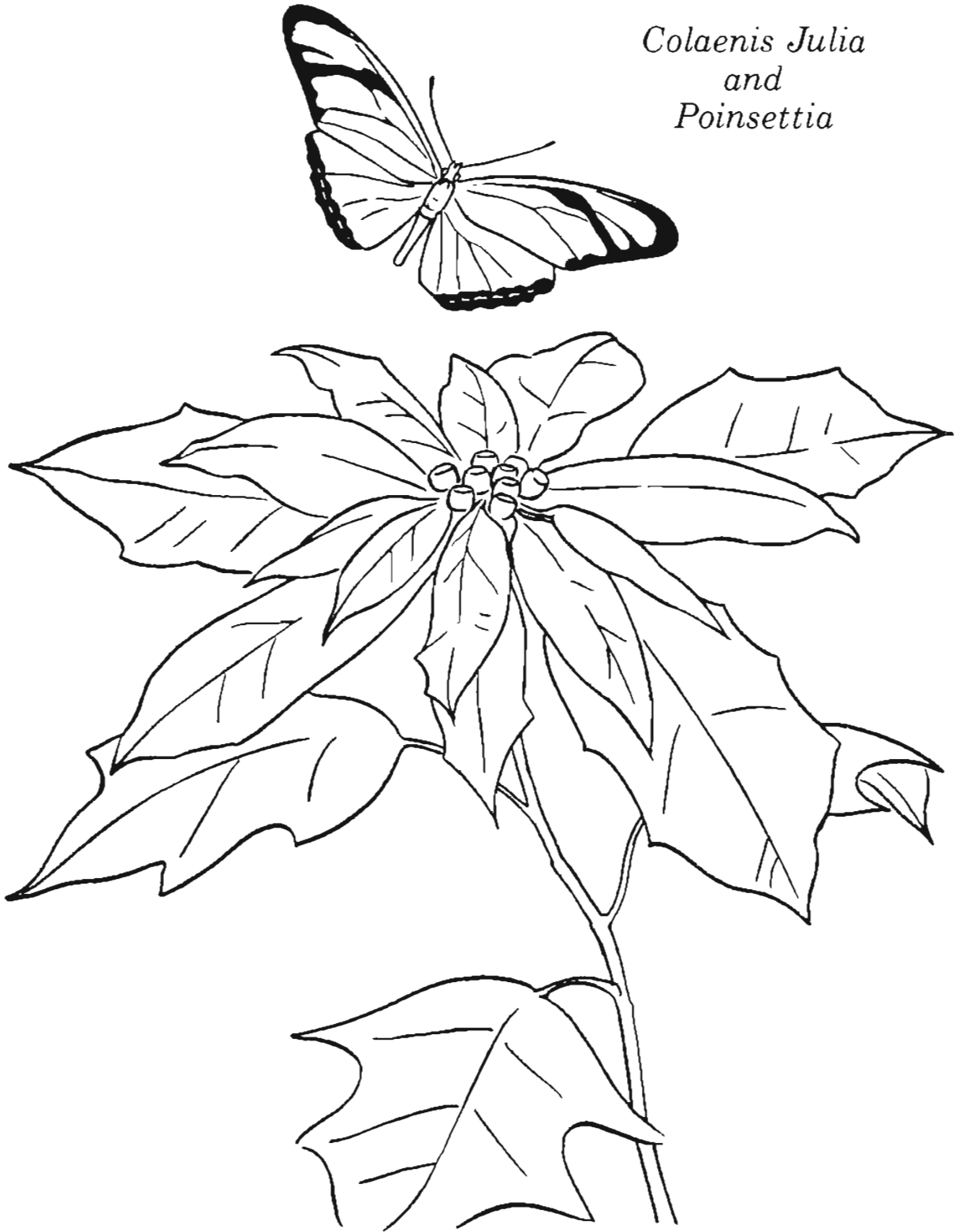
The Snout butterfly named for its long nose, has brown wings with patches of orange and squares of white. As a caterpillar, it lives on the Hackberry Tree.

*Cattail, Tree Frog
and
Damselflies*

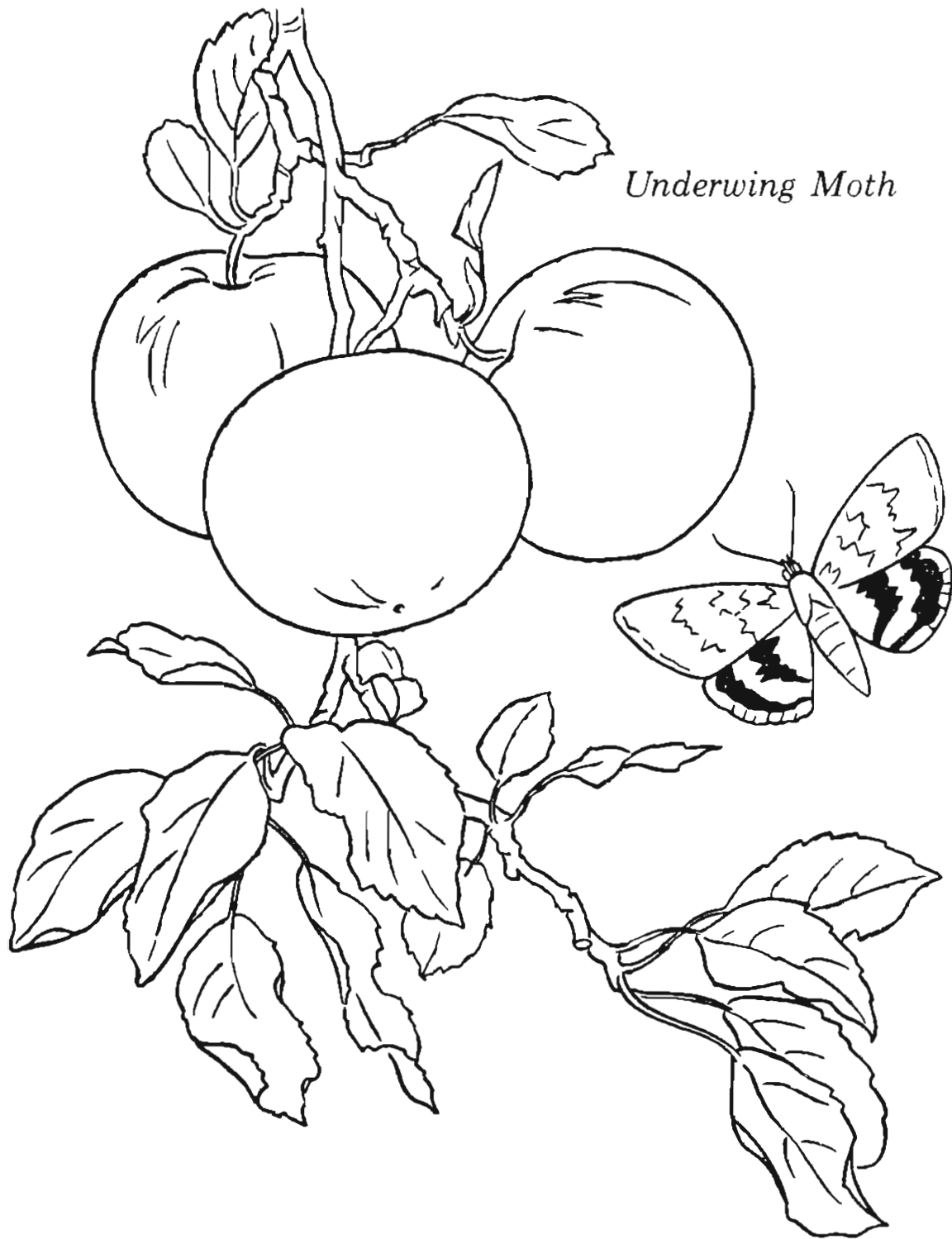


The Flower of the Cattail has two sections. The top is yellow and the bottom brown. A gray Tree Frog climbs the Cattail while Blackwing Damselflies soar by.

Colaenis Julia
and
Poinsettia



The butterfly, named *Colaenis Julia*, has orange wings touched with black and likes a hot climate. So does the bright red Poinsettia.



Underwing Moth

As the Underwing moth flies, its pink and black bands are seen. When it rests on an orchard trunk only the bark-toned forewings show.

*Common or Clouded
Sulphur
With
Wild Roses*

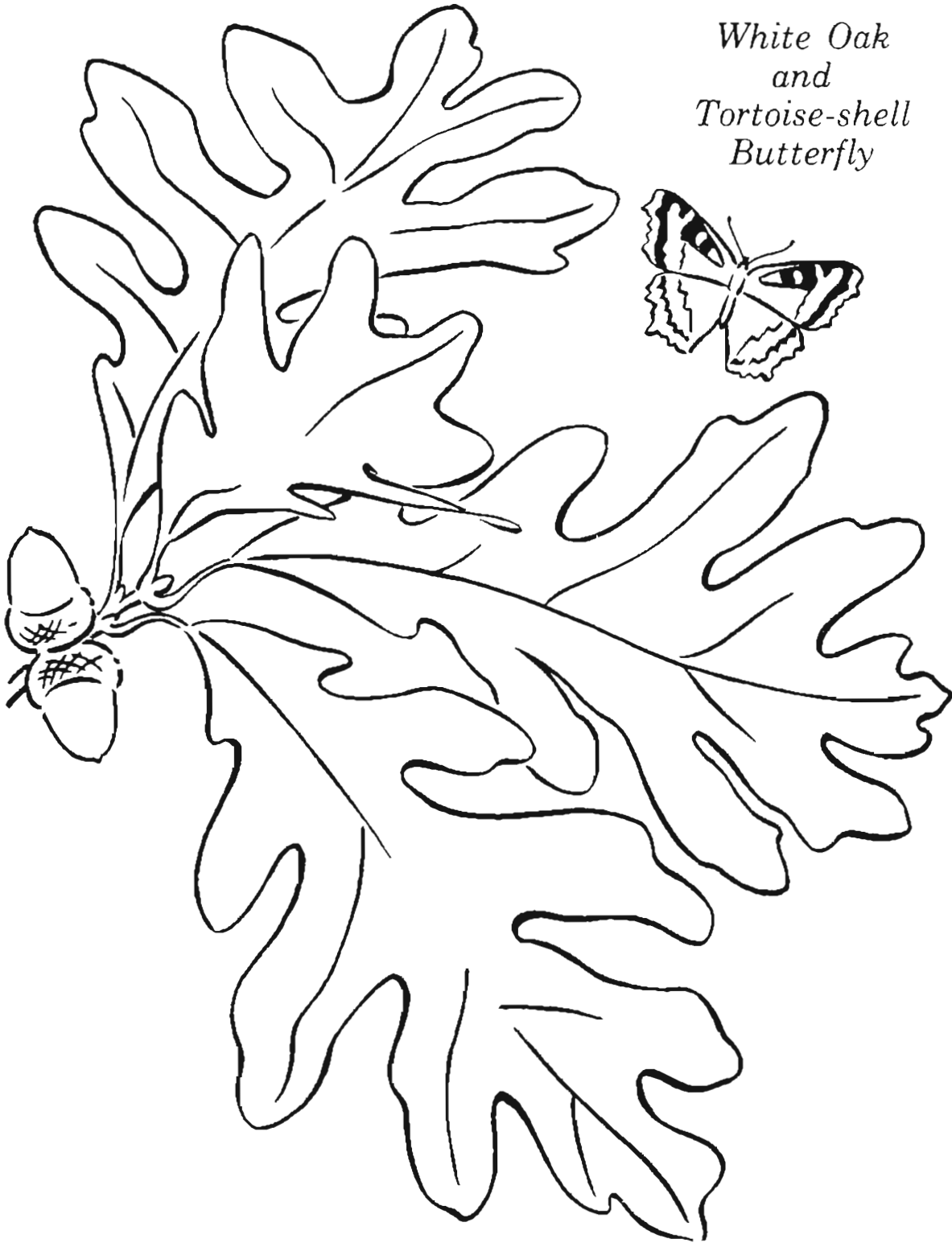


The Common or Clouded Sulphur has black-bordered wings that can vary from yellow to white. The flowers are Wild Roses.



You can tell from the shape of these lavender blossoms that the Rose-of-Sharon belongs to the Hollyhock family.

*White Oak
and
Tortoise-shell
Butterfly*



In the fall, the leaves of the White Oak turn rich dark red. The Tortoise-shell butterfly is brown with black and orange bands.



*Mourning Cloak
and
Elm Tree*

An elm twig is a favorite place for a Mourning Cloak butterfly to lay her eggs. Her purple-brown wings are studded with blue dots and seem to be edged with cream-colored lace.

*Monarch Butterfly
and
Milkweed*



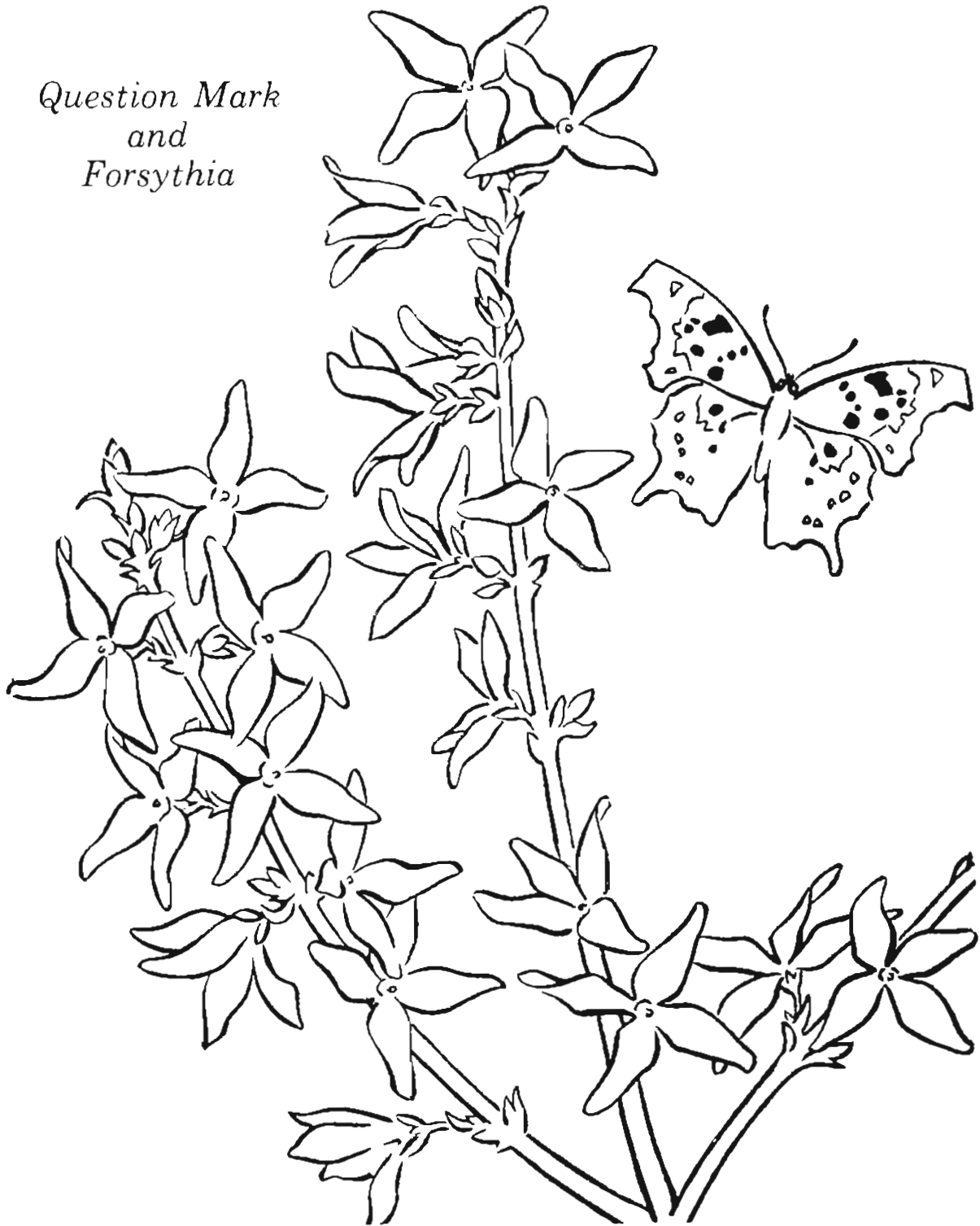
The Monarch butterfly was hatched on the Milkweed and spent its chrysalis stage there. In the autumn when the dusty-green pods and brown seeds sail away, the Monarch flies South.

*Dogface
and
Gladiolus*



The Dogface butterfly is yellow with inner and outer black bands on the forewings. The Gladioli are pink, red, yellow or white.

*Question Mark
and
Forsythia*



The Question Mark butterfly sleeps through the cold winter and wakes up on the first warm days. It has orange wings with black spots and brown borders. The Forsythia is yellow.

*Common Wood Nymph
and
Silky Dogwood*



The Common Wood Nymph is a brown butterfly with yellow patches on its front wings. Blue berries grow on the Silky Dogwood.